ESA Climate Change Initiative CCI+

Climate Research Data Package



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Science Lead & Prime: Thomas Nagler, ENVEO IT GmbH, thomas.nagler@enveo.at

Technical Officer: Anna-Maria Trofaier, ESA-ECSAT, anna.maria.trofaier@esa.int



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Name		Date
Checked by	Gabriele Schwaizer / ENVEO, Project Manager	09 / 04 / 2024
Authorized by	Thomas Nagler / ENVEO, Science Leader	09 / 04 / 2024
Accepted by	Anna Maria Trofaier / ECSAT, ESA Technical Officer	11 / 04 / 2024

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Abstract:

The European Space Agency (ESA) Climate Change Initiative aims to generate high quality Essential Climate Variables (ECVs) derived from long-term satellite data records to meet the needs of climate research and monitoring activities. The main goal of the snow_cci project is to generate homogeneous, well-calibrated, long-term time series of the key snow cover variables snow area extent and snow mass for climate applications.

This document describes the outcome of the product generation in the snow_cci project. The Climate Research Data Package – time series of products – are produced for snow cover fraction (SCF) based on the sensors MODIS, AVHRR, ATSR-2 and AATSR (four separate time series) and for snow water equivalent (SWE) based on the sensors SMMR, SSM/I and SSMIS (one combined time series). The SCF product provides in forested areas two themes of information: snow cover fraction viewable (SCFV) on top of the forest canopy and snow cover fraction on ground (SCFG). In open land, the SCF products are identical. For all products, estimated uncertainty at the per-pixel level is available as a separate data layer in the product.

The work described in this report was done under ESA Contract. Responsibility for the contents resides in the author or organisation that prepared it.

AUTHORS: RUNE SOLBERG, GABRIELE SCHWAIZER, THOMAS NAGLER, MARKUS HETZENECKER, STEFAN WUNDERLE, KATHRIN Naegeli, Christoph Neuhaus, Andreas Wiesmann, Kari Luojus, Matias Takala, Jouni Pulliainen, Juha Lemmetyinen, MIKKO MOISANDER, NICO MÖLG

ESA STUDY MANAGER: ANNA MARIA TROFAIER / ECSAT **ESA BUDGET HEADING:**



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2.0 draft	29 / 10 / 2020	Second version	Solberg et al.
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3.0 draft	10 / 12 / 2021	Third version (draft)	Solberg et al.
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4.0 draft	02 / 04 / 2024	Fourth version (draft)	Solberg et al.
4.0	11 / 04 / 2024	Fourth version approved by ESA	Solberg et al.



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1. INTRODUCTION

The European Space Agency (ESA) Climate Change Initiative (CCI) aims to generate high quality Essential Climate Variables (ECVs) derived from long-term satellite data records to meet the needs of climate research and monitoring activities, including the detection of variability and trends, climate modelling, and aspects of hydrology and meteorology. The main goal of the <code>snow_cci</code> project is to generate homogeneous, well-calibrated, long-term time series of the key snow cover variables snow cover extent and snow mass for climate applications.

1.1. Purpose and Scope

This document describes the outcome of the product generation in the <code>snow_cci</code> project. The outcome is the Climate Research Data Package — time series of products —generated for snow cover fraction (SCF) based on the sensors MODIS, AVHRR, ATSR-2 and AATSR (four separate time series) and for snow water equivalent (SWE) based on the sensors SMMR, SSM/I and SSMIS (one combined time series). For SCF, there are two types of products available: (i) the snow cover at the surface in open areas and on top of vegetation cover that is present, such as forest canopies (snow cover fraction, viewable snow — SCFV) and (ii) snow cover on the ground for open land (same as SCFV) and corrected for the masking effect by trees in forested areas (snow cover fraction, snow on the ground — SCFG). Furthermore, for all products there is an estimate of the uncertainty of the variable per grid cell available. This is included as a separate data layer. For SCF products from MODIS and AVHRR, the sensor zenith angle and the acquisition time per day and per pixel are added as new data layers in the CRDP version 3.0 (v3.0).

1.2. Document Structure

The snow cover fraction datasets based on optical sensors consisting of MODIS-, AVHRR-, ATSR-2- and AATSR-based SCF are described in Chapter 2. Chapter 3 describes the snow water equivalent dataset based on three consecutive generations of passive microwave radiometers (PMR).

1.3. Applicable and Reference Documents

- [AD-1] Phase 1 of the ESA Climate Change Initiative CCI+ New ECVS (Snow). ESRIN Contract No: 4000124098/18/I-NB.
- [AD-2] Climate Change Initiative Extension (CCI+) Phase 1 New Essential Climate Variables (Annex E: Snow ECV (Snow_cci), ESA-CCI-PRGM-EOPS-SW-17-0032.
- [AD-3] Technical Proposal (Part 3) in response to ESA Climate Change Initiative Phase 1 ESA ITT AO/1-9041/17/I-NB, ENVEO Innsbruck, Austria.



- [RD-1] Wunderle, S., Naegeli, K., Schwaizer, G., Nagler, T., Marin, C., Notarnicola, C., Derksen, C., Luojus, K., Metsämäki, S., Solberg, R. (2021). ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: Data Access Requirements Document, version 3.1, February 2021.
- [RD-2] Notarnicola, C., Marin, C., Schwaizer, G., Nagler, T., Luojus, K., Derksen, C., Mortimer, C., Wunderle, S., Naegeli, K. (2021). ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: Product Validation Plan, version 3.0, October 2021.
- [RD-3] Wiesmann A., Hetzenecker M., Schwaizer G., Nagler T., Takala M., Luojus K. (2021) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: System Requirements Document, version 3.0, April 2021.
- [RD-4] Solberg, R., G. Schwaizer, T. Nagler, M. Hetzenecker, S. Wunderle, K. Naegeli, C. Neuhaus, A. Wiesmann, K. Luojus, M. Takala, J. Pulliainen, J. Lemmetyinen, and M. Moisander (2020) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: Climate Research Data Package, version 2.0, November 2020.
- [RD-5] Schwaizer, G. S. Metsämäki, M. Moisander, K. Luojus, S. Wunderle, K. Naegeli, T. Nagler, J. Lemmetyinen, J. Pulliainen, M. Takala, R. Solberg, L. Keuris, P. Venäläinen (2020) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document, version 2.0, November 2020.
- [RD-6] Schwaizer, G. S. Metsämäki, M. Moisander, K. Luojus, S. Wunderle, K. Naegeli, T. Nagler, J. Lemmetyinen, J. Pulliainen, M. Takala, R. Solberg, L. Keuris, P. Venäläinen, N. Mölg (2021) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document, version 3.0, December 2021.
- [RD-7] Salberg, A.-B., K. Luojus, C. Derksen, C. Marin, R. Solberg, L. Keuris, G. Schwaizer, T. Nagler, (2020) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: End-to-End ECV Uncertainty Budget, version 2.0, October 2020.
- [RD-8] Salberg, A.-B., K. Luojus, C. Derksen, C. Marin, R. Solberg, L. Keuris, G. Schwaizer, T. Nagler, N. Mölg (2021) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: End-to-End ECV Uncertainty Budget, version 3.0, December 2021.
- [RD-9] Schwaizer, G., A.-B. Salberg, K. Luojus, M. Moisander, C. Derksen, C. Marin, R. Solberg, T. Nagler, and N. Mölg (2023) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: End-to-End ECV Uncertainty Budget, version 4.0, July 2023.
- [RD-10] Schwaizer, G., S. Metsämäki, M. Moisander, K. Luojus, S. Wunderle, T. Nagler, J. Lemmetyinen, J. Pulliainen, M. Takala, R. Solberg, P. Venäläinen, N. Mölg, L. Zschenderlein, X. Xiao (2023) ESA CCI+ Snow ECV: Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document, version 4.0, July 2023.

1.4. Acronyms

AVHRR Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer

CCI Climate Change Initiative

CLARA CLoud Albedo and RAdiation data set

CM SAF Climate Monitoring Satellite Application Facility of EUMETSAT

CP Contractual Phase

DARD Data Access Requirement Document



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DMSP Defence Meteorological Satellite Program

ESA European Space Agency

EUMETSAT European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites

FDR Fundamental Data Record

GAC Global Area Coverage

MetOp European Meteorological Operational Satellite **MODIS** Moderate resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer

NDSI Normalized Difference Snow Index

NH Northern Hemisphere

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

PMR Passive Microwave Radiometer

PVP Product Validation Plan SCF **Snow Cover Fraction**

SCFG Snow Cover Fraction, snow on the Ground SCFV Snow Cover Fraction, Viewable snow

SMHI Swedish Meteorological Hydrological Institute **SMMR** Scanning Multichannel Microwave Radiometer

SSM/I Special Sensor Microwave/Imager

SSMIS Special Sensor Microwave Imager / Sounder

SWE **Snow Water Equivalent** WGS World Geodetic System



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2. SNOW COVER FRACTION

2.1. MODIS

The *snow_cci* snow cover fraction (SCF) product time series of the CRDP v3.0 from Terra MODIS data covers the period 24 February 2000 – 31 December 2022. Global SCF products are available at daily temporal resolution. Clouds, water bodies, (polar) night, permanent snow and ice areas and salt lakes are flagged. The product is based on 0.01-degree data from the MODIS sensor aboard the Terra satellite (launched in 1999). The MODIS based CRDP v3.0 includes two SCF time series, each with the associated per-pixel uncertainty estimation [RD-9]:

- (i) the snow cover fraction viewable from above (SCFV) at the surface in open areas and on top of forest canopies, and
- (ii) the snow cover fraction on the ground (SCFG) for open areas and in forested areas, using a canopy correction to estimate the snow cover in forests.

Each time series is organized in daily netCDF files per year and per month. The products have the following variables:

SCFV product:

- Snow cover fraction viewable from above
- Uncertainty estimates for snow cover fraction viewable from above
- Satellite viewing zenith angle in degrees
- Satellite image acquisition time referring to the 5 minutes MODIS granule time in fractional hours of the day

SCFG product:

- Snow cover fraction on the ground
- Uncertainty estimates for snow cover fraction on the ground
- Satellite viewing zenith angle in degrees
- Satellite image acquisition time referring to the 5 minutes MODIS granule time in fractional hours of the day

The time series characteristics of the MODIS-based SCF products of CRDP v3.0 are summarized in Table 2.1. Gaps in the time series due to missing MODIS acquisitions are listed in Table 2.2. Specific CRDP v3.0 characteristics, including the data volumes, DOI numbers and access points for each CRDP from MODIS data, are provided in Table 2.3.

It should be noted that the additional variables sensor zenith angle and satellite image acquisition time, requested by users, increase the data volume per CRDP significantly compared to the versions 1.0 and 2.0, approximately by a factor of 4.



For the SCF CRDP v1.0 and CRDP v2.0 from MODIS the respective information is provided in Annex A (Tab. A.1, Tab. A.2, Tab. A.3).

Table 2.1: Time series characteristics of MODIS-based SCF CRDP v3.0.

Subject	Description MODIS CRDP v3.0
Thematic variable	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG)
Retrieval algorithm	SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2005, 2012, 2015) adapted and improved for snow_cci [RD-10]
Uncertainty algorithm	Error propagation approach adapted from Salminen et al. (2018) [RD-9]
Satellite(s)	Terra
Sensor(s)	MODIS
Geographical domain(s)	Global
Temporal resolution	Daily
Start date time series	24.02.2000
End date time series	31.12.2022
Grid size	0.01°
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84
File format	netCDF4, CF-v1.10
Product version Version 3.0	

Table 2.2: Data gaps in the Terra MODIS time series in CRDP v3.0.

Start date	End date	Reason
26.04.2000	27.04.2000	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
06.08.2000	17.08.2000	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
16.06.2001	02.07.2001	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
20.03.2002	27.03.2002	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
15.04.2002	15.04.2002	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
17.12.2003	23.12.2003	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
21.12.2008	22.12.2008	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
19.02.2016	27.02.2016	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
11.10.2022	22.10.2022	No Terra MODIS acquisitions available
	L	<u></u>

In every year, there are a few days with missing MODIS tiles or swaths. SCF products are generated in such cases based on the available satellite data even if the spatial coverage is small.



Table 2.3: MODIS-based SCF CRDP v3.0 characteristics.

Subject	SCFV MODIS CRDP v3.0	SCFG MODIS CRDP v3.0	
Data volume	806 GB	803 GB	
Number of files	8277	8277	
DOI	e955813b0e1a4eb7af971f923010b4a3	80567d38de3f4b038ee6e6e53ed1af8a	
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/e955813b0e1a4 eb7af971f923010b4a3	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/80567d38de3f4b038ee 6e6e53ed1af8a	

After reading and geolocating the daily Terra MODIS data, clouds are detected using a decision-tree based algorithm (Metsämäki 2015), adapted, and extended with additional criteria for better performance on a global scale [RD-5], [RD-6]. The cloud mask per product is also overlaid on the associated uncertainty layer.

For all cloud-free pixels of the daily MODIS data, a pre-classification is applied. The aim of this pre-classification is to identify snow-free pixels with a negligible uncertainty based on the pixel's spectral reflectance characteristics and the brightness temperature at $11 \, \mu m$. The root-mean-square error (RMSE) for pixels defined as snow-free by the pre-classification step is thus assumed to be zero.

On all remaining pixels, an adapted version of the SCAmod algorithm (Metsämäki et al. 2015) is applied to retrieve the snow cover fraction per pixel. Constant reflectance values for snow-free forested areas and snow-free ground suggested by Metsämäki et al. (2015) are replaced with spatially variable spectral reflectance maps derived from statistical analyses of a time series of MODIS data [RD-10]. While for CRDP v1.0, these reflectance maps were based on the analysis of reflectance data of one year, 2007 [RD-5], the reflectance maps were updated for CRDP v2.0 using reflectance data of the years 2000 to 2015 [RD-6] and kept unchanged for CRDP v3.0 [RD-10]. For CRDP v3.0, the wet snow reflectance used in the SCAmod algorithm has been updated based on the statistical analysis of fully snow-covered pixels, which were detected from overlapping Landsat-8 OLI-based snow maps [RD-10]. For each pixel that contains an SCF observation, the unbiased RMSE is estimated and provided in the uncertainty layer (Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.4).

In all SCF products and the associated uncertainty layers, water bodies and land ice are masked using a static mask derived from the ESA CCI Land Cover product for the year 2000 (ESA Land Cover CCI project team; Defourny 2016). Since CRDP v3.0, salt lakes causing errors in the SCF products of CRDP v1.0 and CRDP v2.0 from MODIS, are masked using maps generated by ENVEO. The mapping was performed manually based on MODIS reflectance data and temporal composites of the SCF products from CRDP v2.0. The masking of salt lakes significantly improves the SCF products in CRDP v3.0 by reducing the number of misclassified snow and cloud pixels caused by bright salt-lake surfaces.



Further, pixels with large solar zenith angles (> 83°) are classified as (polar) night and are masked in the SCF and SCF uncertainty layers. Also, pixels with missing or erroneous input data in at least one of the spectral bands needed in the SCF generation, are masked in the SCF and SCF uncertainty layers.

Examples of SCF products and their associated uncertainties are shown in Figure 2.1 to Figure 2.4. The colour coding for snow-free areas is set to transparent, i.e. showing the background map.

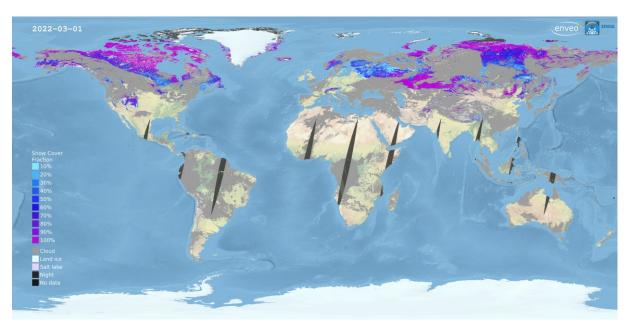


Figure 2.1: Example of SCFV product (CRDP v3.0) from Terra MODIS data of 01 March 2022.

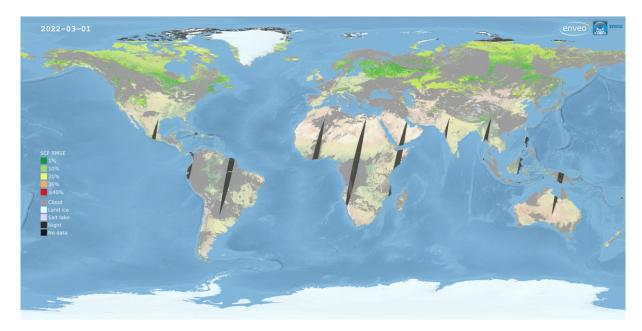


Figure 2.2: Example of associated SCFV uncertainty layer (CRDP v3.0) from Terra MODIS data of 01 March 2022. The RMSE for pixels defined as snow-free by the pre-classification step is assumed to be zero and are set to transparent in the colour coding. For all pixels used for the SCFV retrieval algorithm, the RMSE is provided.



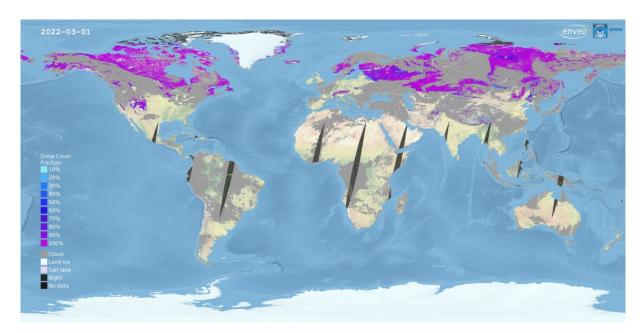


Figure 2.3: Example of SCFG product (CRDP v3.0) from Terra MODIS data of 01 March 2022.

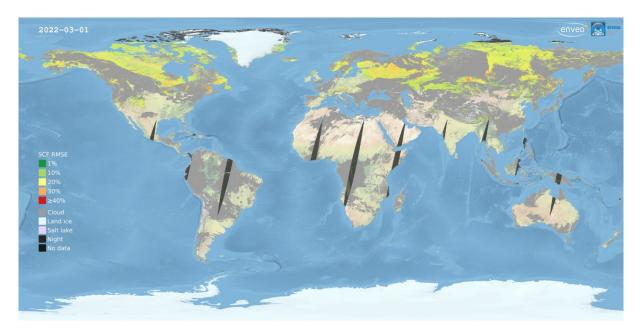


Figure 2.4: Example of associated SCFG uncertainty layer (CRDP v3.0) from Terra MODIS data of 01 March 2022. The RMSE for pixels defined as snow-free by the pre-classification step is assumed to be zero and are set to transparent in the colour coding. For all pixels used for the SCFG retrieval algorithm, the RMSE is provided.

2.2. AVHRR

The overall aim is the generation of one of the longest snow cover extent time series covering the whole globe. Based on the EUMETSAT AVHRR GAC FDR (Global Area Coverage), released in May 2023, a time series (1979–2022) was generated utilising the SCAmod algorithm of Metsämäki et al. (2015). Cloud masking relies on the probability mask of CLARA-A3, an upgrade of the existing cloud albedo and radiation (CLARA) data record developed and generated by EUMETSAT CM SAF, SMHI, which has also been produced from this FDR.

As a pre-condition, (FSC (NDSI) > 5%) was implemented based on Normalized Difference Snow Index (NDSI) calculations (Salomonson and Appel, 2006) before utilising the SCAmod algorithm (Metsämäki et al. 2015) for viewable snow (SCFV) and snow on ground (SCFG). A pre-classification was implemented to minimise erroneous results (solar zenith angle > 88°; cloud masks with retrieval uncertainty lower than 20%; water if percentage of pixel > 50; and permanent ice if percentage of pixel > 50). In addition, two thresholds were included to test whether a pixel potentially is snow free or snow covered (snow free if channel 1 > 0.12 or channel 4 > 283 K).

In addition, different post-processing steps were implemented to improve the quality of the snow products: for latitudes $\pm 15^{\circ}$ and elevations below 1000 m a.s.l. a test was added (channel 1 < 0.30 or channel 4 > 270 K) to remove erroneous data in the tropical regions. A second test considers channel 3b: (channel 1 - channel $3b \ge 0.2$ and channel 3b < 0.1) for the Southern Hemisphere to remove erroneous snow pixels, with an additional adaptation for the globe (channel 1 - channel 3b < 0.1 and channel 3b < 0.2). Finally, additional snow-free and cloud tests are included and described in detail in [RD-10].

The time series has daily – sub-daily temporal resolution and includes all datasets from the NOAA and MetOp satellites (Table 2.4) with a spatial resolution of 0.05° (GAC). The SCF time series from AVHRR (1979 – 2022) has 110 days without data due to missing acquisitions. The detailed periods are listed in Table 2.4. CRDP characteristics are provided Table 2.5 and Table 2.6. Product examples are shown in Figure 2.5 to Figure 2.8. For the SCF CRDP v1.0 and CRDP v2.0 from AVHRR, the respective information is provided in Annex B (Tab. B.1, Tab. B.2, Tab. B.3).



Table 2.4: Time series characteristics.

Subject	Description AVHRR CRDP v3.0	
Thematic variable	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground SCFG)	
Retrieval algorithm	NDSI (Salomonson and Appel 2006) as precondition for SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2015), adapted and improved for snow_cci [RD-10]	
Uncertainty algorithm	Schwaizer et al. [RD-9]	
Satellite(s)	TIROS-N, NOAA-6, -7, -8, -9, -10, -11, -12, -14, -16, -17, -18, -19 and MetOp-A, -B, -C	
Sensor(s)	AVHRR/1, AVHRR/2, AVHRR/3	
Geographical domain(s)	Global	
Temporal resolution Daily – sub-daily		
Start date time series	1 January 1979	
End date time series	31 December 2022	
Grid size	0.05°	
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84	
File format	netCDF4, CF-v1.10	
Product version	Version 3.0	

Table 2.5: Data gaps in the NOAA-AVHRR time series in CRDP v3.0.

Start date	End date	Reason
22.02.1979	24.02.1979	No AVHRR acquisitions available
01.10.1979	07.10.1979	No AVHRR acquisitions available
03.11.1979	04.11.1979	No AVHRR acquisitions available
07.11.1979	07.11.1979	No AVHRR acquisitions available
17.11.1979	18.11.1979	No AVHRR acquisitions available
22.02.1980	27.02.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
01.03.1980	01.03.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
03.03.1980	03.03.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
15.03.1980	20.03.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
30.03.1980	31.03.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
01.04.1980	02.04.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
26.06.1980	29.06.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
12.07.1980	19.07.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
12.12.1980	18.12.1980	No AVHRR acquisitions available
09.05.1981	11.05.1981	No AVHRR acquisitions available
01.08.1981	03.08.1981	No AVHRR acquisitions available
14.08.1981	23.08.1981	No AVHRR acquisitions available
28.05.1982	31.05.1982	No AVHRR acquisitions available

Start date	End date	Reason
25.09.1982	26.09.1982	No AVHRR acquisitions available
27.07.1983	31.07.1983	No AVHRR acquisitions available
01.08.1983	02.08.1983	No AVHRR acquisitions available
06.08.1983	06.08.1983	No AVHRR acquisitions available
14.01.1984	15.01.1984	No AVHRR acquisitions available
06.12.1984	06.12.1984	No AVHRR acquisitions available
01.02.1985	24.02.1985	No AVHRR acquisitions available
15.03.1986	15.03.1986	No AVHRR acquisitions available

Table 2.6: AVHRR based SCF CRDP v3.0 characteristics.

Subject	AVHRR SCFV CRDP v3.0	AVHRR SCFG CRDP v3.0
Data volume	617 GB	614 GB
Number of files	40,710	40,710
DOI	10.5285/7491427f8c3442ce825ba5472c224322	10.5825/56ff07acabab42888afe2d20b488ec49
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 7491427f8c3442ce825ba5472c224322	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 56ff07acabab42888afe2d20b488ec49



Deliverable D4.2

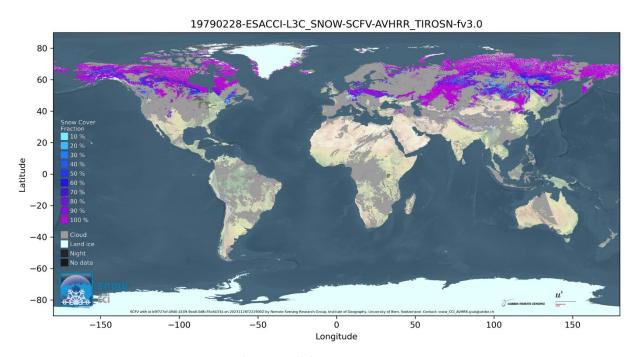


Figure 2.5: SCFV product example (CRDP v3.0) for 28 February 1979.

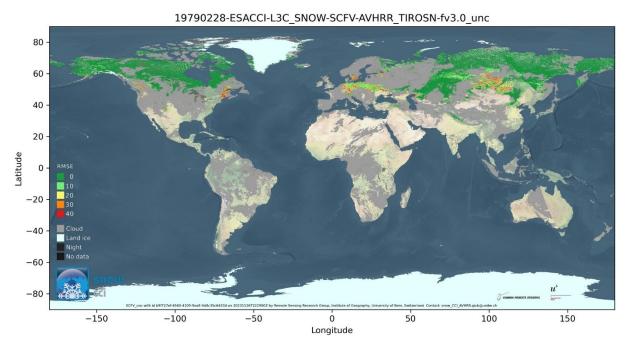


Figure 2.6: Uncertainty for SCFV product example (CRDP v3.0) on 28 February 1979.

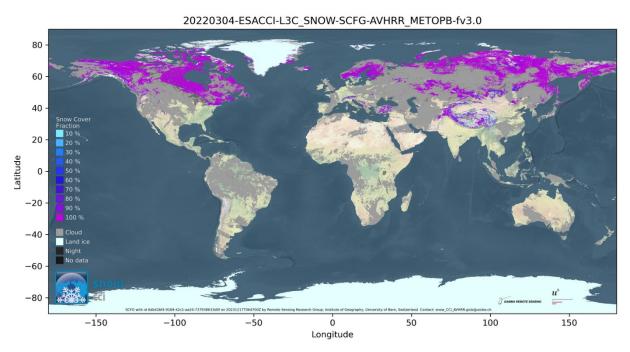


Figure 2.7: SCFG product example (CRDP v3.0) for 4 March 2022.

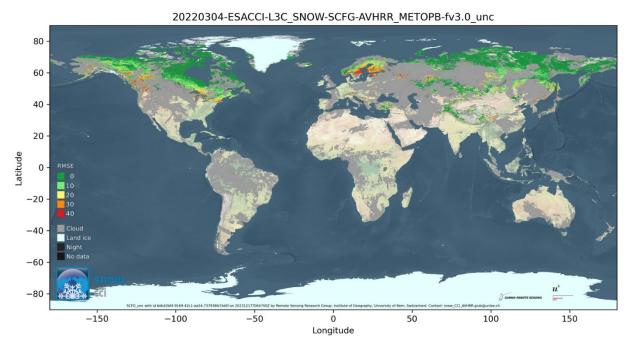


Figure 2.8: Uncertainty for SCFG product example (CRDP v3.0) on 4 March 2022.

2.3. ATSR-2/AATSR

The *snow_cci* snow cover fraction (SCF) product time series based on the ESA ATSR family of sensors consists of two sub-sets based on Along-Track Scanning Radiometer 2, ATSR-2 (1995-2003) and Advanced Along-Track Scanning Radiometer, AATSR (2002-2012), respectively. The sensors have similar characteristic and provided data in 1 km resolution. Global SCF products are available at daily temporal resolution with cloud-cover flagged.

As for SCF from MODIS and AVHRR, the products are provided in two versions: (i) as the viewable snow cover fraction (SCFV) and (ii) as the snow cover fraction on the ground (SCFG) – the latter including compensation for the masking effect of the forest.

The time series characteristics of the SCF products are summarized in Table 2.7. Gaps in the time series due to missing acquisitions are listed in Table 2.8. Specific CRDP characteristics are provided in Table 2.9 and Table 2.10. Product examples are provided in Figure 2.9 to Figure 2.12.

Table 2.7: Time series characteristics.

Subject	Description ATSR-2 CRDP v2.0	Description AATSR CRDP v2.0
Thematic variable	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG)	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG)
Retrieval algorithm	SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2005, 2012, 2015) adapted and improved for snow_cci [RD-6]	SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2005, 2012, 2015) adapted and improved for snow_cci [RD-6]
Uncertainty algorithm	Salberg et al. 2020 [RD-7]	Salberg et al. 2020 [RD-7]
Satellite(s)	ERS-2 (ESA)	ENVISAT (ESA)
Sensor(s)	ATSR-2	AATSR
Geographical domain(s)	Global	Global
Temporal resolution	Daily	Daily
Start date time series 01.08.1995		20.05.2002
End date time series 22.06.2003		08.04.2012
Grid size 0.01°		0.01°
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84
File format	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9
Product version Version 1.0		Version 1.0

Deliverable D4.2

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Table 2.8: Data gaps in the ATSR-2 and AATSR time series.

Start date	End date	Reason
10.08.1995	13.08.1995	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
01.01.1996	31.06.1996	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
27.02.1999	28.02.1999	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
29.08.1999	31.08.1999	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
17.11.1999	18.11.1999	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
01.01.2000	01.01.2000	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
08.02.2000	09.02.2000	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
01.07.2000	04.07.2000	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
08.10.2000	10.10.2000	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
18.01.2001	06.02.2001	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
22.05.2001	23.05.2001	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
12.02.2002	13.02.2002	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
09.03.2002	19.03.2002	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
17.05.2003	19.05.2003	No ATSR-2 acquisitions available
27.05.2002	28.05.2002	No AATSR acquisitions available
06.06.2002	10.06.2002	No AATSR acquisitions available
09.09.2002	11.09.2002	No AATSR acquisitions available
16.03.2003	18.03.2003	No AATSR acquisitions available
19.05.2003	19.05.2003	No AATSR acquisitions available
09.06.2004	09.06.2004	No AATSR acquisitions available
08.09.2006	10.09.2006	No AATSR acquisitions available
13.12.2006	15.12.2006	No AATSR acquisitions available
19.12.2008	31.12.2008	No AATSR acquisitions available
01.01.2010	31.01.2010	No AATSR acquisitions available
22.10.2010	31.10.2010	No AATSR acquisitions available
24.01.2012	25.03.2012	No AATSR acquisitions available

In every year, there are days with missing sensor swaths. SCF products are generated in such cases based on the available satellite data even if the spatial coverage is small.

Table 2.9: ATSR-2 CRDP v1.0 characteristics.

Subject	SCFV ATSR-2 CRDP v2.0	SCFG ATSR-2 CRDP v2.0
Data volume	23 GB	23 GB
DOI	10.5285/70061acca284432ca31fd8a5cbd604d0	10.5285/0aeba0c203c2447b9553a78f99d3a276
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 70061acca284432ca31fd8a5cbd604d0	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 0aeba0c203c2447b9553a78f99d3a276



Table 2.10: AATSR CRDP v1.0 characteristics.

Subject	SCFV AATSR CRDP v2.0	SCFG AATSR CRDP v2.0
Data volume	29 GB	29 GB
DOI	10.5285/d7773cb976d64b1c900a518773428df6	10.5285/e7e31b86b2644e0da69090bc37360c97
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ d7773cb976d64b1c900a518773428df6	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ e7e31b86b2644e0da69090bc37360c97

The retrieval algorithm includes four components: cloud screening, pre-classification, fractional snow cover retrieval and post-processing. A decision-tree approach is applied for cloud screening (Metsämäki et al. 2015). The pre-classification includes tests to whether a pixel is clearly bare ground due to the reflectance level or surface temperature. It also checks whether a snow-index based method gives a very small value (Salomonson & Appel 2006). The snow cover fraction retrieval is based on the SCAmod algorithm (Metsämäki et al. 2015). The post-processing includes a latitude test to remote potential false snow in the tropics for low elevations, and temperature and radiance tests to remote potential remaining false snow.



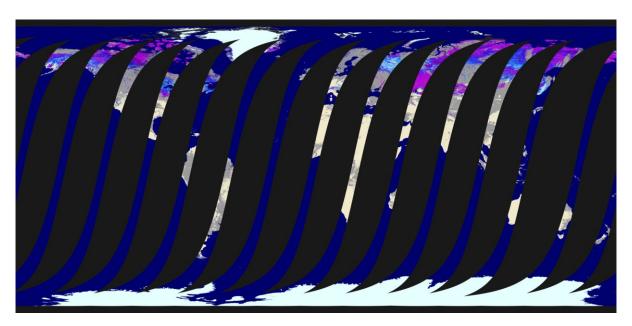


Figure 2.9: SCFV product example from ENVISAT AATSR (CRDP v1.0) on 10 March 2003.

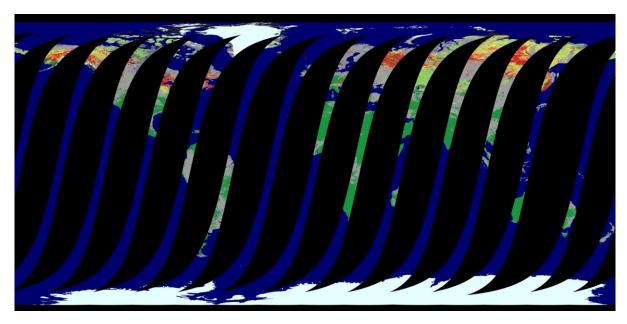


Figure 2.10: Uncertainty estimation for the SCFV product from ENVISAT AATSR (CRDP v1.0) on 10 March 2003.

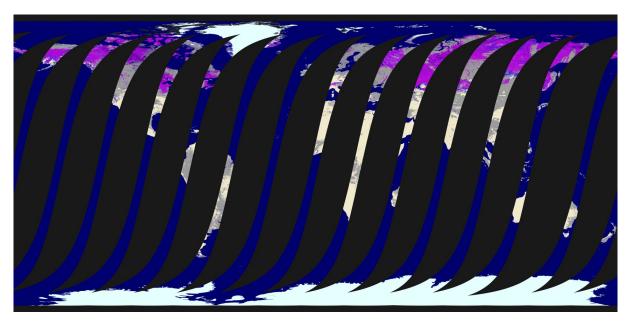


Figure 2.11: SCFG product example from ENVISAT AATSR (CRDP v1.0) on 10 March 2003.

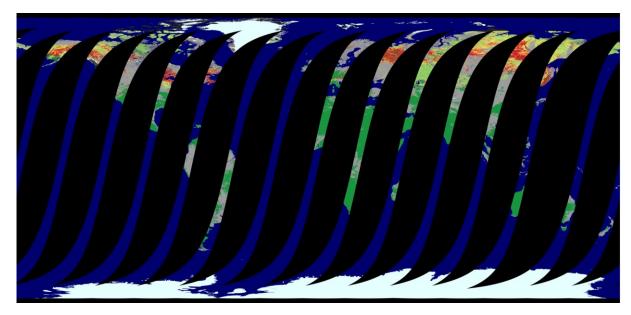


Figure 2.12: Uncertainty estimation for the SCFG product from ENVISAT AATSR (CRDP v1.0) on 10 March 2003.

3. SNOW WATER EQUIVALENT

The *snow_cci* SWE data record, based on methodology by Pulliainen (2006), Takala et al. (2011) and Venäläinen et al. (2023), utilises a data-assimilation-based approach combining space-borne passive microwave radiometer data (SMMR, SSM/I and SSMIS) with data from ground-based synoptic weather stations. The satellite sensors utilised provide data at K- and Ka-bands (19 GHz and 37 GHz, respectively) at a spatial resolution of approximately 10 km. The Northern Hemisphere (NH) SWE record is produced daily for the period 1988–2022 bi-daily for the years 1979–1987. Note that there are no SWE retrievals during the NH summer; SWE is retrieved during the NH winter season only. SWE information is provided for terrestrial, non-mountainous regions of the Northern Hemisphere, excluding glaciers and Greenland (Table 3.1 and Table 3.2). An example of a SWE product is shown in Figure 3.1 with the corresponding uncertainty product in Figure 3.2. For the SWE CRDP v1.0 and CRDP v2.0 the respective information is provided in Annex C (Tab. C.1, Tab. C.2).

Table 3.1: Time series characteristics.

Subject	Description SWE v3.0
Thematic variable	Snow Water Equivalent (SWE)
Retrieval algorithm	FMI GlobSnow SWE algorithm, (Takala et al. 2011)
Uncertainty algorithm	Takala et al. 2011
Satellite(s)	Nimbus-7, DMSP F8, DMSP F11, DMSP F13 and DMSP F17
Sensor(s)	SMMR, SSM/I and SSMIS
Geographical domain(s)	Northern Hemisphere (excluding mountains/glaciers/ice sheets/water)
Temporal resolution	Daily (bi-daily for 1979-1987)
Start date time series	6 January 1979
End date time series	30 May 2022
Grid size	0.10°
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84
File format	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9
Product version	Version 3.0



Table 3.2: SWE CRDP characteristics.

Subject	SWE CRDP v3.0
Data volume	30 GB
DOI	10.5285/b06c4c5ea7694d30b33e1db04f0ecb6a
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/b06c4c5ea7694d30b33e1db04f0ecb6a

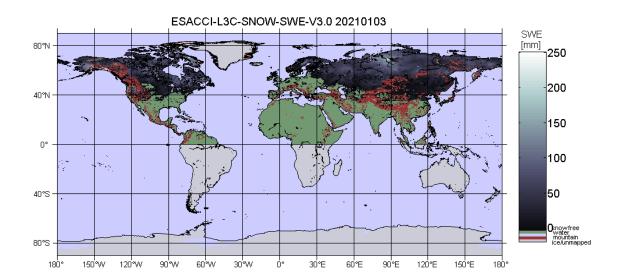


Figure 3.1: Example of SWE product (CRDP v3.0) for 3 January 2021.

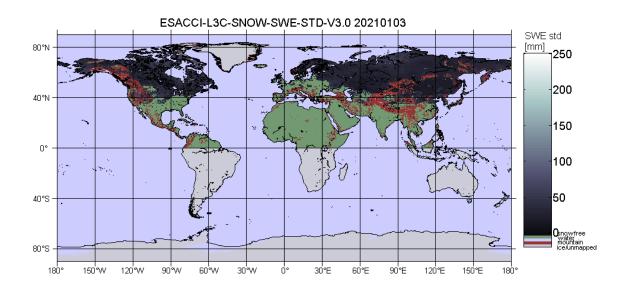


Figure 3.2: Example of corresponding SWE uncertainty layer (CRDP v3.0) for 3 January 2021.

4. RELEASE NOTE

Release of 3rd snow_cci Snow Cover Fraction Climate Research Data Package (to be published on snow_cci webpage)

The 3rd <u>snow cci</u> Climate Research Data Packages (CRDP) including Snow Cover Fraction (SCF) time series from MODIS and AVHRR sensors and Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) time series from SMMR, SSM/I and SSMI/S instruments have been released in Q2/2024.

Daily SCF products are available with 0.01° (about 1 km) pixel spacing from Terra MODIS data for the period 2000 - 2022, and with 0.05° (about 5 km) pixel spacing from AVHRR data for the period 1982 - 2022. In **forested areas**, the **SCF CRDPs** provide two different thematic information: **snow viewable on top of the forest canopy (SCFV)**, and **snow on the ground (SCFG)**, i.e., a canopy correction was applied. In **non-forested areas**, the SCFV and the SCFG products are equal.

Daily SWE products are available with 0.10° (about 10 km) pixel spacing for the winter periods 1979 - 2022. SWE products provide the snow mass information for the Northern Hemispheric land areas, but the geographic extent of the products is global.

The snow_cci products are available via the CCI Data Portal (http://cci.esa.int/data).

Further details on the dataset and direct access to the dataset are provided at the CEDA Archive:

- Global daily Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG) products from MODIS (2000 - 2022), 1 km pixel spacing
- Global daily Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) products from MODIS (2000 2022), 1 km pixel spacing
- Global daily Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG) products from AVHRR (1979 - 2022), 5 km pixel spacing
- Global daily Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) products from AVHRR (1979 2022), 5 km pixel spacing
- Global daily Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) products (1979 2022), 5 km pixel spacing



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A. MODIS SCF CRDP V1.0 AND V2.0 CHARACTERISTICS

Tab. A.1: Time series characteristics for MODIS SCF CRDP v1.0 and CRDP v2.0.

Subject	Description MODIS CRDP v1.0	Description MODIS CRDP v2.0
Thematic variable	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG)	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground (SCFG)
Retrieval algorithm	SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2005, 2012, 2015) adapted and improved for snow_cci [RD-5]	SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2005, 2012, 2015) adapted and improved for snow_cci [RD-6]
Uncertainty algorithm	Error propagation approach adapted from Salminen et al. (2018) [RD-7]	Error propagation approach adapted from Salminen et al. (2018) [RD-8]
Satellite(s)	Terra (NASA)	Terra (NASA)
Sensor(s)	MODIS	MODIS
Geographical domain(s)	Global	Global
Temporal resolution	Daily	Daily
Start date time series	25.02.2000	25.02.2000
End date time series	31.12.2019	31.12.2020
Grid size	0.01°	0.01°
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84
File format	NetCDF4, CF-v1.8	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9
Product version	Version 1.0	Version 2.0

Tab. A.2: MODIS-based SCF CRDP v1.0 characteristics.

Subject	SCFV MODIS CRDP v1.0	SCFG MODIS CRDP v1.0
Data volume	190 GB	190 GB
Number of files	7190	7190
DOI	10.5285/ef8eb5ff84994f2ca416dbb2df7f72c7	10.5285/3b3fd2daf3d34c1bb4a09efeaf3b8ea9
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ ef8eb5ff84994f2ca416dbb2df7f72c7	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 3b3fd2daf3d34c1bb4a09efeaf3b8ea9

Tab. A.3: MODIS-based SCF CRDP v2.0 characteristics.

Subject	SCFV MODIS CRDP v2.0	SCFG MODIS CRDP v2.0
Data volume	192 GB	194 GB
Number of files	7558	7558
DOI	10.5285/ebe625b6f77945a68bda0ab7c78dd76b	10.5285/8847a05eeda646a29da58b42bdf2a87c
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ ebe625b6f77945a68bda0ab7c78dd76b	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 8847a05eeda646a29da58b42bdf2a87c



B. AVHRR SCF CRDP V1.0 AND V2.0 CHARACTERISTICS

Tab. B.1: Time series characteristics for AVHRR SCF CRDP v1.0 and CRDP v2.0.

Subject	Description AVHRR CRDP v1.0	Description AVHRR CRDP v2.0
Thematic variable	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground SCFG)	Snow Cover Fraction Viewable (SCFV) and Snow Cover Fraction on Ground SCFG)
Retrieval algorithm	NDSI (Salomonson and Appel 2006) as precondition for SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2015) [RD-5]	NDSI (Salomonson and Appel 2006) as precondition for SCAmod (Metsämäki et al. 2015) [RD-6]
Uncertainty algorithm	Salberg et al. 2020 [RD-7]	Salberg et al. 2021 [RD-8]
Satellite(s)	NOAA-7, -9, -11, -14, -16, -18, -19	NOAA-7, -9, -11, -14, -16, -18, -19
Sensor(s)	AVHRR/2, AVHRR/3	AVHRR/2, AVHRR/3
Geographical domain(s)	Global	Global
Temporal resolution	Daily	Daily
Start date time series	1 January 1982	1 January 1982
End date time series	31 December 2019	31 December 2020
Grid size	0.05°	0.05°
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84
File format	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9
Product version	Version 1.0	Version 2.0

Tab. B.2: AVHRR based SCF CRDP v1.0 characteristics.

Subject	AVHRR SCFV CRDP v1.0	AVHRR SCFG CRDP v1.0
Data volume	34 GB	33 GB
DOI	10.5285/d9df331e346f4a50b18bcf41a64b98c7	10.5285/5484dc1392bc43c1ace73ba38a22ac56
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ d9df331e346f4a50b18bcf41a64b98c7	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 5484dc1392bc43c1ace73ba38a22ac56

Tab. B.3: AVHRR based SCF CRDP v2.0 characteristics.

Subject	AVHRR SCFV CRDP v2.0	AVHRR SCFG CRDP v2.0
Data volume	35 GB	34 GB
DOI	10.5285/763eb87e0682446cafa8c74488dd5fb8	10.5285/3f034f4a08854eb59d58e1fa92d207b6
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 763eb87e0682446cafa8c74488dd5fb8	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 3f034f4a08854eb59d58e1fa92d207b6

C. SWE CRDP V1.0 AND V2.0 CHARACTERISTICS

Tab. C.1: Time series characteristics for SWE CRDP V1.0 and CRDP V2.0.

Subject	Description SWE v1.0	Description SWE v2.0
Thematic variable	Snow Water Equivalent (SWE)	Snow Water Equivalent (SWE)
Retrieval algorithm	FMI GlobSnow SWE algorithm, (Takala et al. 2011)	FMI GlobSnow SWE algorithm, (Takala et al. 2011)
Uncertainty algorithm	Takala et al. 2011	Takala et al. 2011
Satellite(s)	Nimbus-7, DMSP F8, DMSP F11, DMSP F13 and DMSP F17	Nimbus-7, DMSP F8, DMSP F11, DMSP F13 and DMSP F17
Sensor(s)	SMMR, SSM/I and SSMIS	SMMR, SSM/I and SSMIS
Geographical domain(s)	Northern Hemisphere (excluding mountains/glaciers/ice sheets/water)	Northern Hemisphere (excluding mountains/glaciers/ice sheets/water)
Temporal resolution	Daily (bi-daily for 1979-1987)	Daily (bi-daily for 1979-1987)
Start date time series	6 January 1979	6 January 1979
End date time series	31 May 2018	30 May 2020
Grid size	0.25°	0.10°
Projection/datum	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84	Geographical (lat/lon)/WGS 84
File format	NetCDF4, CF-v1.7	NetCDF4, CF-v1.9
Product version	Version 1.0	Version 2.0

Tab. C.2: SWE CRDP V1.0 and CRDP V2.0 characteristics.

Subject	SWE CRDP v1.0	SWE CRDP v2.0
Data volume	110 GB	115 GB
DOI	10.5285/ fa20aaa2060e40cabf5fedce7a9716d0	10.5285/4647cc9ad3c044439d6c643208d3c494
Data catalogue access	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ fa20aaa2060e40cabf5fedce7a9716d0	https://catalogue.ceda.ac.uk/uuid/ 4647cc9ad3c044439d6c643208d3c494